



November 2, 1953

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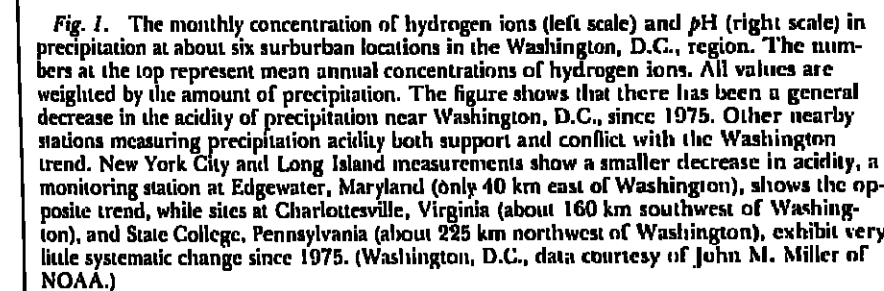
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As M.S. and Sc.D. in meteorology from MIT in 1948. He is director of NOAA's Air Resources Laboratory, where his interests span the range from radioactive fallout to more current air quality issues. He is the author of more than 75 articles and a member of many national and international committees.



All GOES spacecraft carry a Space Environment Monitor (SEM) instrument package containing an X ray sensor, a three-component magnetometer, and a particle detector. Together these instruments provide continuous monitoring of the space environment at the satellite's altitude. SEM data from select satellites are received and processed for archiving at the Space Environment Laboratory in Boulder. When GOES-4 failed at 135°W longitude, the reference satellite for SEM archival purposes was GOES-2, located at 108°W longitude. The proximity of the two satellites suggested that their local environments were similar; and selected data from representative GOES-2 channels were reproduced for November 26-28, 1982.

To overcome many of these problems, it has been suggested that a large field experiment might be mounted which, in one fell swoop, would link source and receptor. Both the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the private Electric Power Research Institute are exploring this possibility with preliminary ideas expected in perhaps a year from now. This writer and others believe that the most promising of these experiments would be a trial emission variation in which an area would first deliberately reduce SO<sub>2</sub> emissions



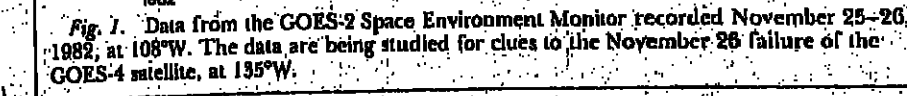
Patterns of hydrogen, sulfate, and nitrate ion deposition in rural precipitation show a maximum in Ohio, Pennsylvania, and adjacent areas. This region lies within and immediately downwind of the areas of most intense SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> utility and industrial emissions, causing a very highly suggestive association between emission and deposition. The hydrogen and sulfate ion concentrations and deposition in precipitation show a seasonal variation with higher values in the warm season; nitrate falls to follow any marked seasonality. Longer-term time trends in acidic deposition are greatly hampered by the poor or uneven quality of most observations prior to about 5 years ago. Nitrate concentration in northeastern U.S. precipitation appears to be increasing slightly while sulfate is decreasing. Both of these trends agree qualitatively with emissions of SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> during the past decade in nearby regions, but the trends in the concentration of hydrogen ions in the same period are less clear. Unfortunately, we are unable to measure the deposition of any of

There is a scientific community recognizes that there are major uncertainties in our knowledge of the geophysical aspects of acid rain. But few, if any, scientists will deny that man-made emissions of  $\text{SO}_2$  and  $\text{NO}_x$  contribute to or are the main cause of the acid rain phenomenon in eastern North America. Where many do disagree is in the confidence that should be placed in predicting the benefits of various environmental control scenarios. Many believe that present levels of acid deposition are now damaging the environment and might be inclined to take the risk that an overly conservative scenario would be chosen. Others might argue that the increased damage over the next years while better knowledge is gathered would be small, particularly in contrast to increased costs to consumers. To make knowledge, all countries, politicians, environmentalists, and industries managers agree on the need to resolve the uncertainties as soon as possible.

Charlson, R. J., and H. Rhode, Factors controlling the acidity of natural rainwater. *Nature*, 295, 683-685, 1982.

Rhode, H., P. Cruzen, and A. Vanderpol, Formation of sulfuric and nitric acid in the atmosphere during long-range transport. *Tellus*, 33, 132-141, 1981.

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## News (cont. from p. 933)

system have been archived continuously since July 1974 and are available for sale through the Solar-Terrestrial Physics Division of the National Geophysical Data Center—an organization known internationally as the World Data Center A for Solar-Terrestrial Physics. Inquiries should be addressed to the National Geophysical Data Center, NOAA Code 2/GC2, 325 Broadway, Boulder, CO 80503 (telephone 303-497-8136).

This news item was contributed by Daniel C. Wilkinson, who is with the National Geophysical Data Center, Boulder, CO 80503.

## Future Natural Gas Supplies

Despite recent optimism about the outlook for the future supply of domestic conventional natural gas, the Congressional Office of Technology Assessment (OTA) finds insufficient evidence to clearly justify either an optimistic or a pessimistic view. In a technical memorandum entitled "U.S. Natural Gas Availability: Conventional Gas Supply Through the Year 2000," released recently by Rep. Philip R. Sharp (D-Ind.), chairman of the Subcommittee on Fossil and Synthetic Fuels of the Committee on Energy and Commerce, OTA concluded that substantial technical uncertainties prevented a reliable estimation of the likely natural gas production rates for later in this century. Even ignoring the potential for significant changes in gas prices and technology, OTA estimated that conventional gas production by the lower 48 states in the year 2000 could range from 9 to 19 trillion cubic feet (TCF) (0.25 to 0.53 trillion cubic meters), compared to 1983 production of 17.5 TCF. Similarly, production in the year 1990 could range from 13 to 20 TCF.

OTA's wide range of projections for plausible levels of conventional gas production in the lower 48 states in the year 2000 contrasts sharply with the relatively narrow range shown in publicly available forecasts. OTA examined 20 separate gas supply forecasts from oil companies, private institutions and individuals, and government agencies. Thirteen of the 14 forecasts that project a production level for the year 2000 fall within 11 to 15 TCF. According to OTA, this high level of agreement for a production rate two decades from now is made all the more unusual by the probability of substantive differences in the baseline assumptions used by various forecasters.

It was determined that current proved reserves in the lower 48 states will supply only a few TCF per year of production by the year 2000. All other domestic production must come from gas which has not yet been identified by drilling. OTA found no convincing basis for the argument that the lower 48 states have been so intensively explored, and their geology has become so well understood, that a consensus can be reached about the size of the gas resources. According to OTA, plausible estimates for the remaining conventional natural gas in the lower 48 that is recoverable under present and easily foreseeable technological and economic conditions can range from 400 to 900 TCF. This range varies from a level that would seriously constrain gas production by the year 2000 to a level that might allow production to continue at current levels for the remainder of this century.

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It is unclear whether the recent surge in the rate of additions to proved gas reserves (for example, 1981 reserve additions were over 20 TCF compared to an average of about 10 TCF per year for 1969-1977) is substantial. Consequently, the range of plausible annual reserve additions is wide even for the near future; OTA estimates that for the lower 48 states for 1986 and beyond the range is from 7-8 TCF to 16-17 TCF, assuming that the current excess of gas production capacity ceases and market conditions improve. The rate at which gas can be withdrawn from proved reserves—the R/P (reserves to production) ratio—may range from 7.0 to 9.5 in the lower 48 by the year 2000, adding additional uncertainty to projections of future production potential. The R/P in 1981 was 9.0, the result of a long and relatively steady decline from a level of 30 in 1946.—PMB

## Survey of Foreign Graduate Students

In the 1983 American Institute of Physics (AIP) Graduate Student Survey, the issue of foreign versus national students in U.S. graduate programs was explored. In the past decade, the number of entering graduate students from foreign nations in American universities has risen from about 600 to about 1100, an increase from 23% in 1973 to 40% in 1983 of all entering physics graduate students in the United States. There are more than 10,000 graduate students in physics in the United States.

The benefits, or lack thereof, of having foreign graduate students raises a number of philosophical points. Like all students, foreign students learn from academic programs; but at high competitive levels, they contribute as well. The essence of growth in any academic program is described by the creativity supplied by ever incoming students. In an academically competitive system the question of foreign students displacing U.S. students in graduate programs has no definition. On the other hand, what about the graduate job market after graduation? Some would point to the return of foreign graduates to their homeland as an example of U.S. education efforts not benefiting U.S. society, at least directly. Others worry about foreign graduates flooding the U.S. job market.

What the AIP Graduate Student Survey indicates is that many foreign graduates in physics did not compete for jobs in the United States this year and thus did not create problems during this year's declining job market. Although noncitizens amounted to over 50% of the total graduate student population; they took only 14% of the jobs in a market in which 52% of the Ph.D.'s had two or more job offers.—PMB

## Space Science Reference Books

The National Aeronautic and Space Administration's (NASA) Marshall Space Flight Center has recently produced a two-volume reference detailing a wide range of information about the planets, their atmospheres, and their energy fields. Originally prepared by Marshall's Atmospheric Sciences Division as a guide for designing space vehicles, the report was 2 years in the making. It is now available to anyone who wants a handy reference on the current state of knowledge about the sun, planets, and smaller bodies of the solar system.

Entitled "Space and Planetary Environment Criteria Guidelines for Use in Space Vehicle Development, 1982 Revision," the two volumes each have fewer than 200 pages. Volume 1 treats the sun, terrestrial space, the moon, Mercury, Venus, and Mars in individual chapters. Volume 2 covers Jupiter, Jupiter's satellites, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune, Pluto, asteroids, comets, and interplanetary dust. Crammed with numbers, tables, and figures, the two volumes provide a wide range of data, such as the total energy flux of the sun and the mass density of interplanetary dust.

The chapters on the moon and on each planet are subdivided into sections on dynamic properties, physical data such as gravitational and magnetic fields, planetary interiors, surface features, and, when applicable, atmospheres, ionospheres, magnetospheres, and satellites. Here the reader can find up-to-date figures for the composition of Neptune's atmosphere, wind speeds on Venus, the strength of Mercury's magnetic field, or the radius of Pluto's moon Charon. A chapter on the satellites of Jupiter includes data culled from the Voyager missions, including information on several moons discovered by Voyager and on the planet's thin ring system.

In the chapter on terrestrial space there are data on such phenomena as meteoroids and charged particles in the atmosphere, as well as information on how to determine the charge around a spacecraft in earth orbit. This report covers only the natural environment at altitudes greater than 90 km above the earth's surface—another NASA document entitled "Terrestrial Environment (Criteria) Guidelines for Use in Aerospace Vehicle Development" covers the lower atmosphere.

Chapters on comets, on asteroids, and on interplanetary dust clouds include discussions of the distribution and origin of these smaller residents of the solar system. In addition to the data and tables, each chapter also includes an extensive list of references for further reading. Copies of the two-volume document are available upon request to William W. Vaughan, Chief, Atmospheric Sciences Division, ED41, Systems Dynamics Laboratory, NASA Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, Alabama, 35812.

## University Contract Research Guidelines

Concerns have been raised in the past few years over the increasing reliance of universities on contracts with outside agencies, public and private. These concerns have been the subject of meetings by the National Commission on Research, the Pajaro Dunes conference of university presidents and corporation executives, the Association of American Universities, and the Association of American University Professors, among others.

The American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) recently revised its "Policy #64: The University and Contract Research," to address these issues in a way that "will help [university] administration and faculty act so that [their] relationship with government agencies or private industry will in no way violate the professional freedoms which have contributed so much to the status of American higher education." The ACLU has followed the issue, it says, "because of our determination that contractual relationships proceed within a framework that protects fundamental academic freedoms." The ACLU guidelines, dated October 28, 1983, are as follows:

**Policy Statement of American Civil Liberties Union on University and Contract Research With Emphasis on Growing Ties Between Corporations and Academic Institutions**

Free and open inquiry and unhindered circulation of ideas are fundamental aspects of academic freedom. Externally funded and controlled research may divert the basic interest of the university as a free and open academic community and hence should be curtailed as an intrusion into academic freedom. Contractual research relationships between nonacademic external groups and the university may or may not benefit both parties and society at large. However, generally because of the proprietary interests of nonacademic external groups, on the one hand, and on the other the university's

## Books

## Our Modern Stone Age

Robert L. Bates and Julia A. Jackson, William Kaufmann, Inc., Los Altos, Calif., vii + 136 pp., 1982, \$18.95.

Reviewed by W. D. Lowry

Unlike most books dealing with industrial minerals and rocks, *Our Modern Stone Age* is a pleasure to read. Within a matter of several hours, one can get an excellent introduction to nonmetallic mineral resources and industries exclusive of the mineral fuels. The book is very well written and well illustrated with photographs and drawings; although pitched for the intelligent layman, it is in no way dull reading for even a well-versed economic geologist. Nearly every geologist, mining engineer, mineral economist, planner, and politician will find points of interest in this book.

The introductory chapter emphasizes the role and importance of the industry as a whole and also considers energy requirements and environmental matters. Chapter 2 discusses modern modes of transporting various nonmetallic minerals, and chapter 3 is a particularly well handled discussion of beneficiation processes used in upgrading specific deposits of gypsum, asbestos, feldspar, and beach sands rich in heavy minerals.

The chapter devoted to naturally refined, pure minerals deals with Ottawa silica sand, the Columbus (Ohio) Limestone, Gulf Coast and Salina Basin salt deposits, and California diatomite. The chapter dealing with five chemical minerals includes a discussion of Caribbea (New Mexico) and Saskatchewan potash deposits, Wyoming trona, and California borax. Another chapter concerns the lightweight aggregates perlite and vermiculite; the use of barite and Western bentonite in drilling mud; the increasing consumption of kaolin, especially in the paper industry; and the importance of graphite and industrial diamonds. Another chapter deals with mineral ingredients used in the manufacture of glass, refractories, and paint.

One of the most interesting chapters is entitled *Two Industries with Problems*. One of these industries is the extremely important Florida phosphate industry with several serious environmental concerns, and the other involves the production and use of asbestos. Of particular interest to planners and politicians is the chapter called *Blast It Out and Break It Up (But Not in My Neighborhood)*.

need for money and commitment to the visible dissemination of knowledge, the potential for these relationships to academic freedom must be recognized. Among the hazards are the external dissemination of university-based research into the governance of the university and the communication of research findings and the investigator's time and priorities, claims that may conflict with higher teaching obligations.

Therefore, to protect the values of academic freedom, the following guidelines should be observed whenever universities enter into contractual research relationships:

**Guideline 1** Universities and/or their constituent schools or departments should not accept grants or enter into agreements for the support of instruction or research, which confer upon an external party the power to censor or delay or exercise effective veto over either the contents of instruction or the dissemination of results and conclusions arising from instruction or research. Publication of research findings may not be inordinately delayed, but, as patent rights or permits may be required, review of the proposed publication or the sole purpose of identifying proprietary information furnished by and belonging to the sponsor.

**Guideline 2** Universities should enter no contract and accept no grant that requires the timely review clearance of any person associated with the project.

**Guideline 3** Evaluation of faculty for degree, appointment, tenure, and promotion should remain the exclusive province of the university, and any research not open to critical, professional judgment should not be used as a basis for evaluation.

**Guideline 4** In evaluating proposed research projects, the evaluating authority should judge the proposal solely on the basis of the work's merit. The researcher must retain the freedom to choose the subject of his or her inquiry. The individual faculty member should not be subject to institutional or external coercion to accept or not accept a particular research project.

**Guideline 5** Universities should not allow their relationships with nonacademic external groups to skew their teaching, research, and public service missions.

**Guideline 6** Universities should publicly disclose all forms of research relationships that may be entered into with external entities and all sponsorship or funding by such entities of faculty conference and workshops.

**Guideline 7** While these guidelines should be binding on the university as a corporate entity and on its constituent schools or departments, faculty members should judge the validity and propriety of any arrangements they may enter with an outside agency on their capacity as individuals. They should be aware that when they have a managerial position or equity in a corporation, a threat to academic freedom may arise from a possible conflict of interest in the guidance of graduate student work from the selection and publication of research projects, and from proprietary or patent rights in the products of research. The primary responsibility must be to the university's teaching, research, and public service mission.

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## Irrigation Economics in Poor Countries, Illustrated by the Usangu Plains of Tanzania

Arthur Hazlewood and Ian Livingstone, Pergamon, New York, viii + 144 pp., 1982, \$25.

Reviewed by Duncan A. Harkin

This little book of 144 pages could not possibly touch on all of the economic issues concerning irrigation, but the few it does develop make *Irrigation Economics in Poor Countries* worthwhile reading for even those long immersed in the subject as well as for newcomers. It is particularly good in developing the distinctions among run-of-the-river irrigation, flow, and storage to even-out annual variations. This subject is seldom explored in recent literature on irrigation economics. The authors conclude for their specific study that storage from year to year is much too costly relative to its benefits to be worthwhile. This conclusion leads one to question whether the same would hold true in many other areas.

The book is composed of four chapters on the economics of irrigation as its principles were found to apply to their study area in

Tanzania, followed by five chapters that describe the study area and the developmental context in which the potential irrigation development is set. As such these latter chapters develop some of the nuances of applying the economic models introduced in the first four chapters.

The first chapter shows that in a climate characterized by wet and dry seasons and their resultant irregular river flows, the irrigation area in run-of-the-river irrigation is limited by the low-flow period during the growing season. The authors develop the irrigable area for the Usangu Plains under the assumption of large, mechanized farming operations that have equipment that can plow the ground before the rainy season begins and thereby get an early crop of rice. This becomes important in the second chapter in which the authors develop the demand for irrigation water under two distinctly different types of farms: small peasant producers and the large mechanized farms.

Because the peasant producers do not have mechanized plows they must await the beginning of the rainy season to till the paddies with hand and animal methods. As a result of this difference in timing of farm operations the water demands of the large, mechanized farms and the peasant producers in this specific setting are largely complementary rather than competitive. Chapter 2 uses a linear programming model to develop the optimal mix of mechanized farms and peasant producers and the irrigated area that would apply under that optimal mix.

Chapter 3 introduces the problem of risk that results from variations in flow from the

## EOS

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Cover. X ray image of the earth's southern auroral oval obtained with the Lockheed X ray imaging spectrometer in the Stimulated Emission of Energetic Particles (SEEP) satellite payload. Superimposed on the map of Antarctica is the spatial distribution of auroral X ray luminosity that is produced by kilovolt electron precipitation. Conspicuous is the auroral oval with intense luminosity near midnight and structured energetic precipitation near dawn. The upper panel displays the energy spectra of X rays observed in the center pixels of the image, while the lower panel shows the simultaneous visible auroral emissions measured by the SEEP photometer. The X ray image is the subject of a paper to be presented at the 1983 AGU Fall Meeting: H. D. Voss et al., SEEP X ray imagery of the earth's aurora (Nov. 8, 1983, p. 792). (Photo courtesy of H. D. Voss, Lockheed Missiles and Space Company, Palo Alto, CA 94304.)

average. It is noted in general that the deficit from the expected average flows can be accommodated by adjustments in the area irrigated (i.e., at the extensive margin), or in the rate of application (the intensive margin), or in some combination of both. A further adaptation to irregularity and unpredictability of flow is, of course, storage, which is discussed in chapter 4.

The authors show a computational method for generating the marginal benefits for an array of different levels of storage and use the linear programming model for optimal mix of peasant-producer and mechanized-farm acreage for each potential level of storage. It is noted, very importantly, that storage partly destroys the complementary relationship between peasant producers and mechanized farms, so that they become increasingly competitive in their demands for the stored irrigation water. These computations include: the engineering factors of water losses due to storage and transmission; the economic considerations of what price to use to value the product; and the problems of exchange rate distortions.

Because the peasant producers do not have mechanized plows they must await the beginning of the rainy season to till the paddies with hand and animal methods. As a result of this difference in timing of farm operations the water demands of the large, mechanized farms and the peasant producers in this specific setting are largely complementary rather than competitive. Chapter 2 uses a linear programming model to develop the optimal mix of mechanized farms and peasant producers and the irrigated area that would apply under that optimal mix.

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**Atmospheric Physicist/Northern Arizona University.** Tenure-track assistant professor available January 10, 1984 for August, 1984 in an eleven-man Physics Department with a joint appointment in Computer Science. Teaching is at the undergraduate level with approximately one-half time devoted to teaching courses related to laboratory applications of computers. Knowledge of FORTRAN at least one assembly language, and fundamental digital logic is essential. Approximately one-half time will be devoted to teaching and research in Physics. Areas of research interest include radiative transfer, mesoscale dynamics, orographic flows and/or meteorological environmental instrumentation including remote sensing. Send a complete resume, statement of research interest and professional goals and names of three references to: Dr. Kenneth Odell, Chairperson, Department of Physics, Box 86011, Northern Arizona University, Flagstaff, AZ 86011.

Applications received prior to November 30 will receive full consideration for Ph.D. required. Academic salary range \$20,000-\$25,000.

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**University of Iowa/Faculty Positions.** The Department of Physics and Astronomy anticipates two openings for tenure-track assistant professors or visiting faculty at any level in August 1984. In exceptional cases a term or tenured appointment at the associate professor or professor level will be considered. Preference for one position will be given to an experimentalist in intermediate or high energy physics. Current research interests in the department are radio and optical astronomy and the following specialties in physics: atomic, condensed matter, elementary particle, laser, nuclear, plasma, and space physics. Faculty duties include undergraduate and graduate teaching, guidance of research students and personal research. Interested persons should submit a resume and a statement of research interests and arrange for three letters of recommendation to be sent to the Search Committee, Department of Physics and Astronomy, The University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA 52242.

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**Oregon State University/Fisheries Oceanography.** Applications are invited for a 12-month, tenure-track position as Assistant Professor in the College of Oceanography and Fisheries, Department of Oceanography and Fisheries and Wildlife. Applicant must have demonstrated ability to conduct independent research and obtain research funding. Areas of ecology of marine fishes or nekton, work with interests in ecology, fisheries oceanography, or population biology of nekton will be considered. Applicant must have Ph.D. Postdoctoral experience desirable.

The appointee will be expected to teach courses in fisheries oceanography or in the ecology of marine nekton, to supervise graduate students, and to develop a program of grant-funded research. Salary: \$27,000-\$35,000, negotiable. Application material, including a brief statement of research plans and the names of three references, should be submitted not later than 31 January 1984 to G. G. Burt, Dean, College of Oceanography, Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon 97331.

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The next four chapters, which discuss the physical and social context of the potential irrigation development, show sensitivity to efficiency versus equity issues and to the practical limitations of capital and human resources. The book ends with a chapter that develops the distinction between technological efficiency and economic efficiency, a point that may seem odd to some readers, but perhaps needs to be made again. As part of this argument the authors note that the increased use of benefit-cost analysis has probably increased general awareness of the frequent divergence between private and social costs and benefits. The authors use the livestock density issue of the Usangu pastoral economy to show that the technical ratio of livestock/land neglects the economic consideration of the number of livestock needed to support subsistence of the herders.

The authors might well have used the problem of livestock density as a prime example of the divergence between individual and social interest and then extended the discussion to one of the most interesting and difficult problems in irrigation economics,

groundwater depletion. Groundwater depletion and livestock density are conceptually very similar problems of open-access resources in which use rights are poorly defined, thereby leading to behavior by individuals which depletes the resource, contrary to the interests of the group.

Some other topics of irrigation economics not covered are pricing of irrigation water, large scale versus small scale projects, systems for allocation of water among users (e.g., rotation and continuous flow), investment in new irrigation versus rehabilitation on existing systems, and the effect of land tenure on those who benefit from irrigation. The reader will have to look elsewhere for development of these issues. Yet the book covers a surprising amount of ground in a compact space and concise style.

Duncan A. Harkin is with the Department of Agricultural Economics, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI 53706.

**Boston University/Faculty Position.** The Astronomy Department at Boston University expects to have a faculty position available beginning either January or September 1984, extending at least through the 1984/85 academic year. Applicants are sought who have teaching experience and who have a proven research record as evidenced by publications and recommendations. Research programs in the department include ionospheric and magnetospheric physics, galactic astronomy, and extragalactic and high energy astrophysics. Applicants with research programs in any of these areas will be considered; however, preference will be given to those with experimental or observational interests.

Equal consideration will be given to individuals wishing to start in January or September 1984. Depending on the future availability of funds, this position may be converted to a permanent line leading to eventual tenure.

Please send a curriculum vitae, names of three persons who can provide an evaluation of your teaching and research and a brief statement of current research interests to:

Kenneth Jones, Chairman  
Astronomy Department  
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725 Commonwealth Avenue  
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Applicants must have (a) a Ph.D. in organic chem-

istry, marine chemistry or chemical oceanography and at least two years of post-doctoral experience in marine chemistry; (b) an ability to carry out independent research in the ocean as demonstrated by an active publication record in refereed journals; and (c) experience in work at sea with modern sampling and analytical methods.

Send resume and names of three referees by March 1, 1984, to:

Dr. Fred N. Spiess, Director  
Institute of Marine Resources, A-028  
Scripps Institution of Oceanography  
University of California San Diego  
La Jolla, California 92093

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Geophysical/Tectonophysics/Georgia Tech.

The School of Geophysical Sciences at Georgia Tech invites applications for a faculty appointment in Earth Sciences. Applicants must have an outstanding research potential demonstrated by several years of postdoctoral experience or a well-established research record, and experience in securing research funding. Although no field of specialization is excluded, preference will be given to candidates with a background in geophysical tectonophysics.

The School of Geophysical Sciences has an expanding and active research program in many areas of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. The School has 23 full-time faculty members and over 50 graduate students.

Applications including resumes, phone numbers, and the names and addresses of at least three referees should be submitted to Jean-Claude Mareschal, Chairman, Geophysics Search Committee, School of Geophysical Sciences, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA 30332.

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Assets of the Department include a research vessel with ready access to an exciting region of the ocean, free access to an IBM 333 with excellent graphics capabilities, and proximity to the Fleet Numerical Oceanographic Center and the Naval Environmental Prediction Research Facility. Links exist to NORDA, the Naval Oceanographic Office, other Navy labs, and NOAA activities,



**Physical Oceanographer/Oregon State University.** Assistant or Associate Professor, depending on experience. Applicants must have observational and/or theoretical background in the physical sciences, have demonstrated the ability to conduct independent high-quality research and are expected to obtain research funding. Duties include teaching and supervision of graduate students. Interested candidates should submit a resume and names of three references by 1 February 1984 to: G. Ross Heath, Dean, College of Oceanography, Oregon State University, Corvallis, OR 97331.

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To apply, candidates should send transcripts, curriculum vitae, a letter of application explaining interest and skills, and should arrange to have three letters of recommendation sent by January 15, 1984 to: Clark S. Binkley, Search Committee Chair, School of Forestry & Environmental Studies, Yale University, 205 Prospect Street, New Haven, CT 06511.

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**THE AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.** Invites applications from suitably qualified persons for appointment to three tenure-track positions and four non-tenure positions in the Research School of Earth Sciences.

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**Senior Fellow/Professional Fellow in Sedimentology.** The appointment is for a sedimentologist with a strong theoretical background who can complement and lead the experimental programs already underway. For an exceptionally well qualified candidate appointment at the level of professor will be considered.

**Fellow/Senior Fellow in Geophysical Fluid Dynamics.** A theoretical fluid dynamicist is sought, with wide experience of applications in oceanographic or other geophysical contexts, and a demonstrated ability to interact effectively with laboratory experimenters. The post will complement the current experimental program of the group led by Professor J.S. Turner.

**Postdoctoral Fellow/Research Fellow/Senior Research Fellow in Sedimentology.** The School has an active research program in sedimentology, sedimentology and Q structure of the mantle and in studying the crustal structure and tectonics of the Australian region. Applicants are sought who will complement these and related programs in the Earth Physics Research Group.

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**Research Fellow in Geochemistry and Isotope Geochemistry.** An isotope geologist/geochemist is sought to study the interaction of the atmosphere and isotope signatures of Archean metavolcanics in Australia.

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Appointment as Postdoctoral Fellow is normally for not less than one year nor more than two years but may in certain cases be extended to three years. Research Fellowships are normally for up to three years with the possibility of extension to four or five years. Fellow/Senior Fellow appointments are for an initial period of five years with the possibility of extension to seven years or reappointment to retiring age. Appointment as Professorial Fellow/Professor is retiring age (65) with the option of retirement after the age of 55.

Grants are provided towards travel and removal; assistance with housing; superannuation. The University reserves the right not to make an appointment or to make an appointment by invitation at any time. Applicants should write to The Registrar, The Australian National University, G.P.O. Box 4, Canberra, A.C.T., Australia. For further particulars, stating the post or posts in which interested, before submitting applications which close on 31 January 1984.

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10500 Greenbelt Road, Suite 208  
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Interested applicants should send a resume and the names and addresses of three references to: Chairman, Department of Geology, Duke University, Box 6799 College Station, Durham, North Carolina 27708.

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**Hydrogeologist/University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.** The Department of Geology has initiated its search for a hydrogeologist to fill a permanent, tenure-track faculty position. The appointee will be at the Assistant Professor level. Salary is negotiable. A Ph.D. is required. Starting date will be August 21, 1984. The successful candidate will have a demonstrated background in one or more of the following areas of hydrogeology: basic analysis, flow in porous media, or chemical interactions between groundwater and rock and will be expected to teach one or more graduate courses in hydrogeology, to participate in our undergraduate instructional program, and to maintain and enhance our existing strong research program in hydrogeology. For equal consideration, application including the names of three references should be sent by February 1, 1984 to:

Professor R. James Kirkpatrick  
Department of Geology  
245 Natural History Building  
1501 West Green Street  
Urbana, IL 61801  
Ph. (217) 533-3542

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**Massachusetts Institute of Technology/Principal Research Scientist.** A Principal Research Scientist position is available in the Department of Earth, Atmospheric, and Planetary Sciences at M.I.T. Applicants must have a Ph.D. in planetary sciences and possess a thorough knowledge of the chemical and geophysical processes of the earth's atmosphere and ionosphere and to application in important planetary and meteorological problems. In addition, applicants must have a recognized record of accomplishment in planetary science demonstrated by an appropriate research program in the field which may include the supervision of graduate students.

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Cambridge, MA 02139

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In accordance with Canadian Immigration requirements priority will be given to Canadian citizens and permanent residents of Canada.

**Igneous/Metamorphic Petrologist or Structural Geologist/Hobart and William Smith Colleges.** The Department of Geology of these private, coeducational, liberal arts colleges seeks applicants for a full-time, tenure-track position for September, 1984. We need a field-oriented, igneous or metamorphic petrologist or structural geologist, a person committed to excellence in teaching and to stimulation of undergraduate research. Ph.D. required and teaching experience desirable. Teaching includes introductory courses, mineralogy, petrology and structural geology. The appointee will be expected to develop graduate level courses, to initiate a research program, and to direct graduate students at both the M.S. and Ph.D. levels. An opportunity exists to offer courses and conduct research at the Hobart and William Smith Laboratories. The position is to be filled by September, 1984 with a closing date of December 31, 1983 for the acceptance of applications.

Interested applicants should send a resume and the names and addresses of three references to: Chairman, Department of Geology, Duke University, Box 6799 College Station, Durham, North Carolina 27708.

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**Chancellor/Northern Illinois University/Chair.** Applications are invited for the position of Chair of the Department of Geology. We seek candidates who have an established commitment to research and who are interested in the challenge of leading a young and growing department which has just recently established a Ph.D. program. The department is committed to excellence in teaching and development of a strong Ph.D. program and is looking for candidates who would share that commitment. We seek the strongest possible candidates without regard to specialty; however, candidates from the areas of hydrogeology, hydrogeophysics or geophysics are particularly encouraged to apply.

Rank and salary for the position are negotiable. Send resume and statement of interest to: Dr. M.P. Weis, Chair, Search Committee, Department of Geology, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL 60115.

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**Oceanographic Microbiology/Oregon State University.** The College of Oceanography at Oregon State University has an assistant professorship position open for an oceanographic microbiologist. The appointee will be expected to develop a program of grant-funded research in the area of marine microbiology. Opportunities will be available for teaching undergraduate and graduate students. The successful candidate will be expected to teach a one-semester course in biological oceanography and for supervising graduate students. Candidates should hold a Ph.D. in biological oceanography, microbiology, or related discipline, and have postdoctoral research experience specifically with marine microbiology. Salary: \$27,000-\$35,000, negotiable. Submit resume and names of three references before 15 January 1984 to: Dr. G. Ross Heath, Dean, College of Oceanography, Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon 97331.

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**Faculty Position/Massachusetts Institute of Technology.** The Department of Earth, Atmospheric, and Planetary Sciences of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology is seeking to appoint a physical oceanographer at the assistant professor level. Candidates should be considered for any area of physical oceanography but the appointee should be particularly interested in developing its programs (theoretical and observational) in large-scale, deep-sea, physics. Individuals chosen will be expected to carry on a vigorous research program and to teach graduate level courses in physical oceanography. While a member of the Center for Meteorology and Physical Oceanography.

Please submit resume, publication list, statement of interests, and names of three references to: W.F. Brace, Chairman, Dept. of Earth, Atmospheric, and Planetary Sciences, M.I.T., Cambridge, MA 02139.

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**Sedimentary Biogeochemistry/University of Hawaii.** The Department of Oceanography and Hawaii Institute of Geophysics, University of Hawaii, are seeking a creative marine scientist for a tenure track position at the Assistant Professor level. The appointee will be expected to develop a research program with interest in sedimentary mineralogical problems involving both organic and inorganic phases.

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A research and teaching program and to guide and support graduate students. Applicants and names of three references should be sent to: Dr. Keith E. Ruppel, Department of Oceanography, 1000 Pope Road, University of Hawaii, Honolulu, HI 96822. Closing date 1 January 1984 for starting date 1 August 1984.

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**Colorado School of Mines/Research Fellowship.** of extraterrestrial rocks. The study concentrates on Sm-Nd, Rb-Sr, and U-Th-Pb systems in lunar, meteorite, and relevant terrestrial systems. This is a joint research program with the Colorado School of Mines and the U.S. Geological Survey. The appointee will perform most of the experimental work and will be expected to develop a research program in the field which may include the supervision of graduate students.

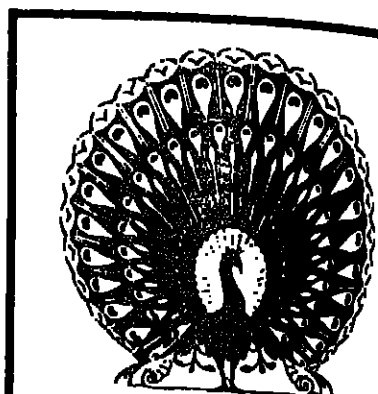
This is a permanent research staff position. Applicants should submit resume, publication list, and names of three references to:

William F. Brace  
c/o Anne Starr  
Personnel Office, E19-238  
M.I.T.  
Cambridge, MA 02139

M.I.T.'s commitment to affirmative action encourages applications from all candidates without regard to race or sex.

**Arizona State University/Geochemistry Research Specialist.** To operate and modify automated SEM facility for aerosol particle analysis in atmospheric geochemistry research. Software development and SEM/EDS experience necessary. Ph.D. or equivalent. Competitive salary. Send resume, transcript, and references to: Dr. P.R. Buseck, Dept. of Geology and Chemistry, ASU, Box 86300, Tempe, AZ 85286.

ASU is an EEO/AA employer.



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**Memorial University of Newfoundland/Tenure-Track Position.** The Department of Earth Sciences at Memorial University of Newfoundland, with over 30 faculty and a new Centre for Earth Research, is expanding into areas related to energy, geophysics, petroleum exploration and development. Tenure-track positions at the Assistant Professor level are available. Applicants should have a Ph.D. in a relevant field and be invited from specialists in: CLAY MINERALOGY, STABLE ISOTOPE GEOCHEMISTRY, and CRUSTAL SEISMICITY. A Ph.D. is required. Research and teaching capability; salary will be commensurate with qualifications and experience. All positions are subject to availability of funds. In accordance with Canadian Immigration requirements, this advertisement is directed to Canadian citizens and permanent residents. Send applications, with curriculum vitae, and names of three references to: Dr. C. B. Barnes, Head, Department of Earth Sciences, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada A1B 3X5, telephone (709) 737-8142.

**Ohio State University/Mineralogist.** The Department of Geology and Mineralogy invites applications for a tenure track position in mineralogy or petrology. The appointee will be expected to develop a research program in the field of mineralogy, petrology, geochemistry, and economic geology. A Ph.D. or equivalent is required. The successful applicant will be expected to teach graduate and undergraduate courses, conduct research, and supervise graduate students. Rank and salary will be commensurate with experience and research record. Please send applications to:

Dr. David H. Elliot  
Chairman, Search Committee  
Department of Geology and Mineralogy  
The Ohio State University  
Columbus, OH 43210

Applications should include resume, statement of research record and interests, and the names of at least three persons who can provide recommendation. The closing date for applications is December 31, 1983; the appointment will be effective no later than October 1, 1984. Additional information may be obtained by writing or calling (614) 425-6551.

The Ohio State University is an equal opportunity/affirmative action employer.

**University of California, Riverside/Geology** with emphasis on petrology. Assistant Professor (with beginning 1 July 1984). The appointment is for a tenure-track position. The appointee will be expected to teach graduate and undergraduate levels (M.S. and Ph.D.) and should be able to teach several of Petrology, Mineralogy, Geochemistry, Crystallology, Field Geology, Physical Geology, Ph.D. required. In addition to teaching, research and service are required of faculty members at the University of California. Applicants should submit a current curriculum vitae, statement of research interests, and names of three persons who can provide recommendation. Applications received by February 1, 1984, will receive preference. Applications may be accepted until successful candidate is appointed. Send applications to: Dr. Leo H. Geerts, Search Committee, Department of Earth Sciences, University of California, Riverside, California 92521.

The University of California is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

**University of Massachusetts, Amherst/Faculty Position in Stratigraphy-Micropaleontology.** The Department of Geology and Geography invites applications for a tenure-track position at the assistant professor level in stratigraphy-micropaleontology. Research and teaching responsibilities will be expected to develop a program of grant-funded research in the area of marine microbiology. Opportunities will be available for teaching undergraduate and graduate students. The successful candidate will be expected to teach a one-semester course in biological oceanography and for supervising graduate students. Candidates should hold a Ph.D. in biological oceanography, microbiology, or related discipline, and have postdoctoral research experience specifically with marine microbiology. Salary: \$27,000-\$35,000, negotiable. Submit resume and names of three references before 15 January 1984 to: Dr. G. Ross Heath, Dean, College of Oceanography, Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon 97331.

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**Texas A&M University/Deputy Department Head.** The Department of Oceanography in the College of Geosciences at Texas A&M University is seeking a deputy department head to assist in the academic and administrative functions in the Department. Duties will involve 75 percent administration and 25 percent research or teaching on a 12-month appointment basis. This is a tenure-track position and will be filled at an academic level commensurate with the experience of the applicant. Applicant should have a Ph.D. in a relevant field and be invited from specialists in: CLAY MINERALOGY, STABLE ISOTOPE GEOCHEMISTRY, and CRUSTAL SEISMICITY. A Ph.D. is required. Research and teaching capability; salary will be commensurate with qualifications and experience. All positions are subject to availability of funds. In accordance with Canadian Immigration requirements, this advertisement is directed to Canadian citizens and permanent residents. Send applications, with curriculum vitae, and names of three references to: Dr. C. B. Barnes, Head, Department of Earth Sciences, Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John's, Newfoundland, Canada A1B 3X5, telephone (709) 737-8142.

**National Center for Atmospheric Research/Visitor Appointments.** At the High Altitude Observatory, Visitor Appointments are available for new and established Ph.D.'s for up to one year periods to carry out research in solar physics, solar-terrestrial physics, and related subjects. Applicants should provide a curriculum vitae including education, work experience, publications, the names of three scientists familiar with their work, and a statement of their research plans. Applications must be received by January 15, 1984, and they should be sent to: HAO Visitor Committee, High Altitude Observatory, National Center for Atmospheric Research, P.O. Box 3000, Boulder, Colorado 80507.

NCAH is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

**Princeton University/Faculty Appointment.** The Department of Civil Engineering at Princeton University invites applications for a faculty appointment in the Water Resources Program beginning September 1, 1984. Responsibilities include graduate and undergraduate teaching in fluid mechanics, surface water hydraulics, and numerical methods, and development of and participation in a research program related to surface and subsurface hydrologic and hydrologic systems. Candidates must have a Ph.D. degree with demonstrated teaching ability and scholarship. Submit resume and three references to: George F. Pinder, Chairman, Department of Civil Engineering, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ 08544.

Princeton University is an affirmative action/equal opportunity employer.

**University of Miami/Graduate Research Assistantships in Physical Oceanography and Meteorology.** The Division of Meteorology and Physical Oceanography, School of Marine and Atmospheric Sciences, University of Miami, invites applications from students in science or engineering with a strong background in physics and mathematics and an interest in either the atmosphere, the ocean or

so marine scientists from the various disciplines can meet and talk.

The 1984 Ocean Sciences Meeting is an opportunity to advance the unity of ocean science and engineering in a stimulating and pleasant environment. We hope to see you there!

**Registration**

Everyone who attends the meeting must register. Pre-registration (received by January 6, 1984) saves you time and money; the fee will be refunded to you if AGU receives written notice of cancellation by January 16. Registration for 1 day only is available at one half of the applicable preregistration rates, either in advance or at the meeting. Registration rates are as follows:

**Ocean Sciences Meeting**  
New Orleans, Louisiana  
Jan. 23-27, 1984

**Ocean Sciences Meeting**  
Session Summary, Travel, Housing, Registration

The 1984 Ocean Sciences Meeting of the American Geophysical Union (AGU) will be held January 23-27, 1984, in New Orleans at the Fairmont Hotel. Cosponsoring societies are the American Society of Limnology and Oceanography (ASLO), the Acoustical Society of America (ASA), the American Meteorological Society (AMS), the Marine Technology Society (MTS), and the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Oceanic Engineering Society (OES).

Some of the most compelling problems in modern science and technology span two or more traditional disciplines, and this is especially true of oceanography, which is an amalgamation of several sciences with technology. The 1984 Ocean Sciences Meeting is the second meeting to be established by AGU as a forum for interdisciplinary oceanic problems; it was jointly sponsored by ASLO and AGU and held in San Antonio in 1982.

In addition to the ocean physics and biology topics covered in San Antonio, the 1984 New Orleans meeting will include atmospheric sciences, chemical and geological oceanography, underwater acoustics, and ocean technology.

Most of the special sessions being planned have a strong (but not exclusive) component of physical oceanography; the Warm Core Rings experiment and investigations of the El Niño phenomenon and biogeochemical cycles all illustrate the extension



